**Server Side Programming using Js**

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1. dotenv module/package

2. fs module/package (core module of node)

3. http module (core module of node)

4. mongoose module (connection mongo DB)

5. express module (Framework package for Node)

6. express router module (for routing)

7. jwt module (json web token Api-Secure)

8. multer module (image uploading)

9. body-parser package (to handle Post data send from form)

10. Template Package of Node Js.

Note :: Node is Purely

server side, programming Js Runtime Environment.

PL => JS.

Templating Means :-

laravel => Blade Template Engine

Django => gingerTechnique {% static %}

React => JSX Template

but in php we can directly implement code

in html script.

Node itself is not capable of writing the,

html script and there is not way you can interact

with dom.

hence we template Engine for Node

Node will take Js file with html code and parse

them and re-render the code, in browser.

View : React-front-End/AngularJs/Angular/VueJs/core html or Template Engine

Most Popular Template Engines:-

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1. pug

2. HandleBars

3. Mustache

4. Ejs (Embedded Javascript)

...

...

etc

Q1: IQ => Difference EJS and Jsx

Both are using html + Js but Jsx in used in front End

and Ejs is used in Backend

Jsx => React/Angular/Vuejs

Ejs => Node/Express/Fastify

Framework of Node

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1. Express 2. Fastify 3. Hapi

4. Koa

Model (data or schema or Api or Query)

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let data = {

name : "Awnish",

class : "MBA",

isBack : "yes",

noOfBack: 4

}

for example:-

<h1> name = {data.name} </h1> =====> input => js code will replace => replace Output return to Browser

controller :-

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All the Bussiness Logic will be written in,

Node Js in Controller.

controller => Js file where most important

code of Backend is Written

controller main role is get the data from model and pass to the view or vice versa.

hence Node Follows MVC Archiecture ?

IQ2 : what is MVC?

model : for database Operations.

view : all the front end Part or UI

Template (pug,ejs...)

controller : data transfer B/w M to V

Date : 10-02-2023

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- Brief Introduction of GO4 (gang of four)

- As your experience increase, you would see multipe way, of writing the code.

For Example:-

$() => Jquery

1. $(document).ready()

2. (function(){

$('#btn').click();

});

3. jQuery(document).ready()

for Example:-

$(document).ready(function(){

})

$(document).ready(doSomething)

function doSomething(){

}

$(document).ready(()=>{

});

$(document).ready((event)=>{

});

$(document).ready(event=>event.preventDefault());

**Programming Paradigm**

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we know as Programming paradigm(no of way you can write the code in PL,)

1. procedural Programming => limitation

2. Object Oriented Programming => limitation.

These limitation of Object Oriented Programming system

was Redesigned by 4 cs developer (Team,gang)

1990's most of IT firms were using, OOps for Software Developement and Research.

When GO4 Research Books(thesis), OOps is not the best way of Making S/W.

GO4 they re-design the oops into a set of 23 codes

"Re-usable component of Object Oriented Programming system".

There now called Design Patterns.

These are divided into categories

1. Structural DP.

2. Creational DP.

3. Behavioural DP.

These Design Pattern are there in Every Programming Langauge.

For Example:-

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Android => ListView => ArrayAdapter, BaseAdapter,CustomAdapter ...

adapter is one of Design Pattern

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https://github.com/EvilAnshu/design-patterns-JS/blob/master/docs.md#singletonjs

**Nature of Node Js**

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1. Asynchronous.

2. Single Threaded.

3. Server Side Runtime Environment.

4. V8-Engine Architecture.

5. Event Driven

6. Non Blocking

7. Background I/O Mechanism

8. highly effiecent.

9. mvc Archiecture or Mvc Design pattern.

HW :- Date/10/02/2023

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1. watch vedios on Yotube for each topic.

2. make a Notes on it with Diagrams:-

3. sunday :- React Js Theory + Practicle.

For More documentation please visit :-

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--> https://nodejs.org/docs/latest-v17.x/api/

**How to Run node Environment**

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1. console mode (output will be in cmd)

Node In console Mode :- Returns Json Output.

console of node supports :-

1. two type of command line : node chevron or node prompt, node REPL or Interactive Mode. or interactive shell.

Interactive mode is basically, interpreted in nature.

and allows only one line at a time.

REPL itself is interpreter also it is module in node.

it gives output for each input statement provided.

How to start interactive mode :-

1. open cmd

2. type node <- Hit Enter

3. > : this single greater than this is called, as Node prompt, or Node Chevron

standard Name is : Node Repl.

what is Repl?

Node : >

cmd : :/>

gitbash : $

mathlab : >>

python : >>>

laragon : lambda

xampp : #

mysql : [dbname]>

common : these all running in cmd

difference : symbol

Explaination : different symbol means different command.

Example :-

>>> git push

Error

$ print('Python is good Langauge');

Error

> echo $x;

Error

:/> console.log('hello world in node Js');

Error.

C:\>console.log('hello from node')

'console.log' is not recognized as an internal or external command,

operable program or batch file.

cmd:/> ver

Microsoft Windows [Version 10.0.19045.2486] valid Command.

These all Above Repl shows error because of invalid command is written in front

of them.

each symbol of Repl represent a unique interprator related to, PL`s (programming Langauge)

REPL : READ EVALUATE PRINT LOOP.

Read : Read input from the user

Evaluate : Solve the expression

print : generate output

Loop : we can use looping statement like, for loop while loop.

**working with Node Interactive Mode**

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start Node

cmd:/> node <-hit Enter

> //node command

Keywords in node Repl

1. syntax Js

2. repl keyword :- .exit(), .help() ...

.break Sometimes you get stuck, this gets you out

.clear Alias for .break

.editor Enter editor mode

.exit Exit the REPL

.help Print this help message

.load Load JS from a file into the REPL session

.save Save all evaluated commands in this REPL session to a file

**Process Object in Node JS**

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IQ - can you prove that node js is a runtime Environment.

Node Js contains :- process global object which holds all the environmets,

path,os related information.

process.env : it is used to access Environment variable.

**2. Script mode or Batch Mode/shell**

here we want to execute bulk of lines of code we go for, script mode.

what is script here :-

1.likewise every Js file is a module itself.

2. similarly every Js file with some line of code within is a script.

p1.js

-------

....line-1

....line-2

....line-3

....line-4

....line-5

....line-6

....line-n

js script => p1.js

execute

terminal cmd:/> node p1.js

node <filename.js>

Note :: Terminal (shell/cmd).

This script can be also, executed using npm

what is npm ? it is node package manager, and used to add dependencies on the project.

**using npm script execution**

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p1.js

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1. npm init -y

2. package.json => Edit => main => p1.js <----Entry Script.

3. scripts => key => {"start":"node p1.js"}

4. npm run start.

2. Server Mode (output will be rendered in, Browser).

in server mode Browser will work as client.

Note :: console cannot accept, Request and Response.

it does not support http protocal.

we know, in client and server model we have some algorithm like hande-shake alogrithm,

sliding window protocal, etc such type of alogrithm are not supported

by console, hence, we need a client which can support request/response

cycle, such client are, like postman, thunderbold, Browser.

=> node here will work as, Server.

node console will not as of client rather than a server.

(postman/thunderbold)[client]

Browser ---------> Request ---------------> Node Server (server.js or index.js).

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|

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Response

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1. to the client.

2. to the console.

Note :: console can be used as server and client both

console => client => curl

curl stands for content url.

**How to create node-server**

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1. -Request Object : handle client.

2. -Response Object : handle server.

steps to create node server:-

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server.js : most important which intialises the server.

or which set-ups server.

No Application is possible without node-server file:-

step1 :-

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create const reference for http module:-

const http = require('http');

step2 :-

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using http object createServer Interface.

http.createServer((request,response)=>{

});

step3:-

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Now set a port where you want your server launch.

Never use following

port => 80 => Apache

port => 3000 => react

port => 5000 => Django

Note ::Never use reserved Port

8080 => by-default port.

7080

7000

const PORT=8080;

http.listen(PORT,function()=>{

console.log('Server Started Sucessfully at port'+PORT)

});

**How to send JSON Response to the Browser**

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1. You should have a Array of Json Object which can be

send as response to server.

2. set the content-type : application/json

3. use JSON.stringify() to encode the Json to String : Serialisation.

Note :: Why we are using JSON.stringify,

becuase of two reason

1. response.write() only takes string Input

2. Browser only Understand text or tag.

**How to send html Response to the Browser**

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1. response.writeHead(200,{"Content-Type":"text/html"});

2. response.write("<h1> This is Heading </h1>");

Note here is problem :-

You cannot write lot of html code.

You can use template string and Write the web-page code

and you can then pass that variable as response to write();

Problem:-

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Right now we are writing all data level code and design level code

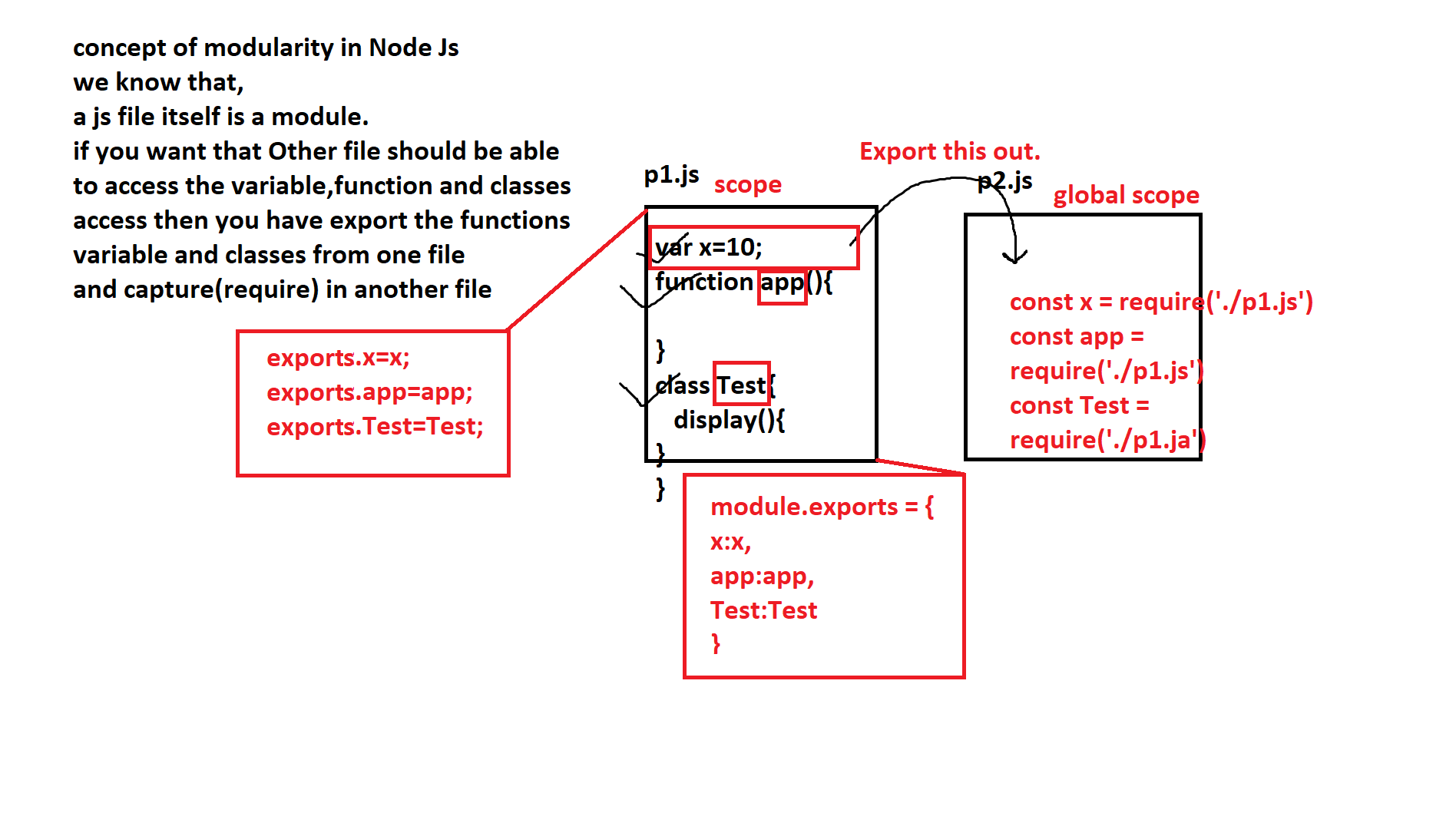
in server.js

data level => model

design level => view

hence we must organise the data in mvc design pattern to follow modular approach.

**Project structure of MVC Node Application**



controller

model

view

index.js or server.js

.env => configuration or Environment varaible.

.gitIgnore

package.json

package-lock.json

This project structure is common

for all, projects.

controller => folder mkdir

model => folder mkdir

view => folder mkdir

index.js => touch command

package.json => npm init -y

package-lock.json => npm install

Note if package.json

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will install node\_modules folder

if any dependencies are added in package.json

Note :: please make use of git bash

terminal.

Making a Node Module:-

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1. module.exports = {}

2. exports.var = var;

Note :: module.exports/exports both referes to global empty Object

this => {} => global empty Object.

module = {exports : {x:10}}

module.exports = {x:10}

module.exports.x=10

var x=10;

module = {exports:x}

module.exports = x;

In flexible there is no difference B/w module.exports and exports.

but in strict mode we cannot use exports directly.

it is because module is a mendatory, Object in strict mode.

but since module refer to this Object.

you can pass varaible in following

1. module.exports = x;

2. this.exports = x;

3. exports.x=x;

|

this => module.

exports === module.exports : strict mode : off

exports != module.exports : strict mode : on

**Implementation modularity in MVC**

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we know that,

m => model

v => view.

c => controller.

it is always better approach, to keep the different Js file in different associated folder.

such that modularity of the project can be maintained.

StudentModel.js => Model Suffix => pascel case.

StudentController.js => Controller suffix => pascel case.

students.js => view lowercase suffix.

Note :: Template Engine

pug : students.pug

EJS : student.ejs

jade : student.jd

handlebars : student.hbs

mustaches : mts

These template files on views are called as partials.

views

|partials

....template Engines.

|layouts

index.html, index.js

StudentModel.js

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data of the Student model =>

Api call => student data.

var studentModel = {

students:[

{id:1001,name:"Awnish", class:"Btech", stream:"cs"},

{id:1002,name:"mohit", class:"Btech", stream:"ec"},

{id:1003,name:"Amit", class:"BA", stream:"Hindi"},

{id:1004,name:"Ritik", class:"Mba", stream:"it"},

]

}

module.exports = studentModel

StudentController.js

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const studentModel = require("./StudentModel");

1. data from model to controller

Response Object it must contain

1. code : 201

2. data : it can be array or object [], {}

3. status : true or false

4. message or comment : "Login successfull","Oops something, went wrong".

5. error : by default it will be false, if any error error message will be raised

let response = {};

try and catch.

let promise = fetch(url).then().then.catch((error)=>{

let responseError = error

});

JsonResponse={

code : 404,

message : "Runtime Exception cannot Post data",

data : [],

status : false,

error : responseError

}

response.writeHead(200,{"Content-Type":"application/json"});

or

response.writeHead(200,{"Content-Type":"application/json;Charset=utf-8"});

response.write(JSON.stringify(JsonResponse));

Generating Pretty Json Response :-

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by default when you will be using express module.

you will get json() method, to print the output in pretty mode.

but we are not using "express" module hence, we need to use JSON.stringify() to

print the output in pretty mode.

pretty mode in JSON.stringify() :-

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JSON.stringify({name:"awnish",class:"Btech"})

output :

{name:"awnish",class:"Btech"}

pretty Output :-

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you need to increase padding width or pretty width

JSON.stringify(object,null,Pwidth)

Pwidth = 1,2,..............n

standard : 4

JSON.stringify({name:"awnish",class:"Btech"})

output :-

{name:"awnish", class:"Btech"}

{

name:"awnish",

class:"Btech"

}

fs module in Detail :-

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